Alcohol Harm Reduction Project Research and Statistics









LGOIMA responses from 66/67 Councils together with 2018 Census Data, Problem Gambling Foundation Reports

2018 National Statistics

992,619 people a 9 or 10 on the deprivation index

4,077 off-licences

\$7,600,000,000 estimated cost of alcohol harm (likely higher)

14,743 pokies

\$856,009,000 lost on pokies

\$182.14 lost per person including children

1 off-licence per 1,153 people (this includes wineries and supermarkets)

1 pokie per 319 people

Reporting Findings

ARLA's licensing register from November 2022 showed a record of 2,980 current off-licences.

Reporting from TAs shows Aotearoa has 4,077 off-licences operating.

There is a **reporting disparity of 1,097 off-licences**

ARLA does not keep a record of licences operating in the intervening period between when a licence has expired, the Applicant has lodged a renewal application, and the renewal application is processed, wherein the licence holder continues to operate.

1 off-licence per 1,153 people (including children)

2022 Licence Application Statistics (on and off licences, new and renewals)

5,002 applications made

4,876 approved (97.48%)

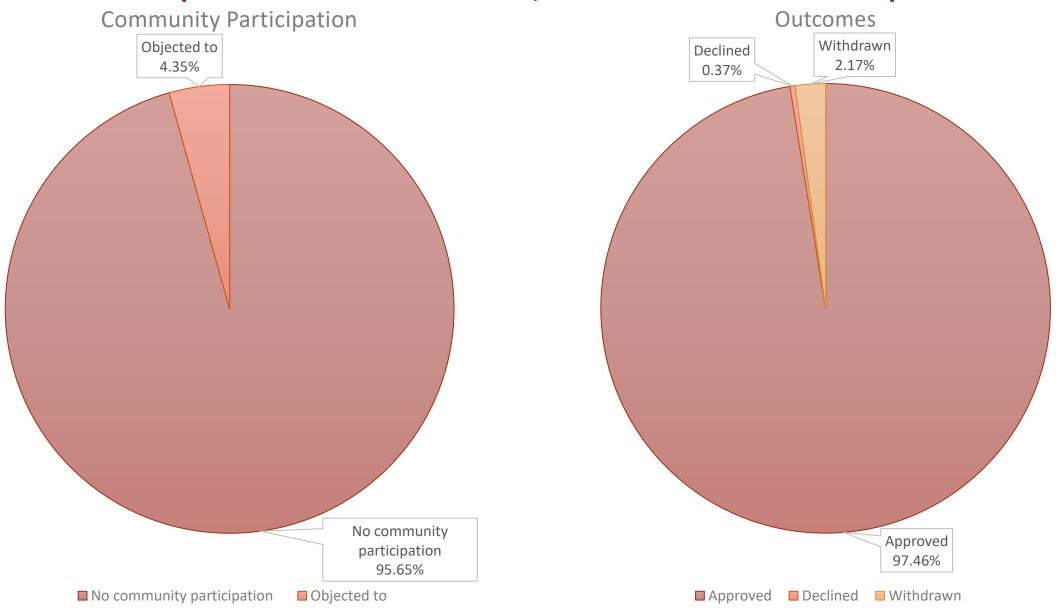
219 objected to (4.38%)

149 opposed by reporting agencies (2.98%)

18 declined (0.36%)

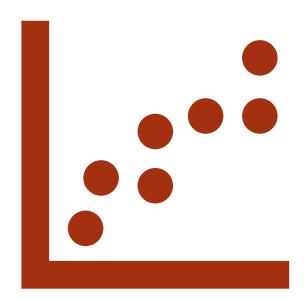
108 withdrawn (2.16%)

2022 Licence Application Outcomes (on and off licences, new and renewals)



Correlations

- 87% correlation between proportion of Māori and proportion of the population that is a 9 or 10 on the deprivation index (9/10 DI).
- 89% correlation between the number of off-licences and the number of gaming machines per capita in a territory.
- Where there is a disproportionate rate of 9/10 DI (over 21% of the population), territorial authorities are 25% more likely to have a proliferation of off-licences.
- Where territorial authorities have a higher proportion of Māori (over 17% of the population) there is a 41% greater likelihood of a proliferation of off-licences4.
- Māori Communities are targeted by the proliferation of off-licences.
- Most applications in at-risk communities are approved and unopposed by community objectors or reporting agencies.



At-Risk Populations

Chatham Islands	63% 9/10 DI	Off-licence 1:165	Pokies 1:13	\$2,575.76pp	No obj or opp
Wairoa	76% 9/10 DI	Off-licence 1:835	Pokies 1:70	\$658.52pp	No obj or opp
Buller	42% 9/10 DI	Off-licence 1:532	Pokies 1:145	\$375.82pp	No obj or opp
Far North	58% 9/10 DI	Off-licence 1:806	Pokies 1:239	\$245.20pp	1 obj 1 opp
Gisborne	49 % 9/10 DI	Off-licence 1:731	Pokies 1:299	\$231.44pp	No obj or opp
Ruapehu	46% 9/10 DI	Off-licence 1:684	Pokies 1:75	\$714.92pp	No obj 1 opp
Waitomo	48% 9/10 DI	Off-licence 1:775	Pokies 1:66	\$1,183.56pp	1 obj no opp
Ōpōtiki	69% 9/10 DI	Off-licence 1:1,160	Pokies 1:115	\$420.44pp	No obj no opp
Kawerau	89% 9/10 DI	Off-licence 1:1,785	Pokies 1:53	\$910.36pp	No response

At-Risk Populations

Chatham Islands	63% 9/10 DI	69% Māori	Off-licence per 165 people	No obj or opp	GM 1:13
Wairoa	76% 9/10 DI	63% Māori	Off-licence per 835 people	No obj or opp	GM 1:70
Buller	42% 9/10 DI	11% Māori	Off-licence per 532 people	No obj or opp	GM 1:145
Far North	58% 9/10 DI	47% Māori	Off-licence per 806 people	1 obj 1 opp	GM 1:239
Gisborne	49% 9/10 DI	52% Māori	Off-licence per 731 people	No obj or opp	GM 1:299
Ruapehu	46% 9/10 DI	45% Māori	Off-licence per 684 people	No obj 1 opp	GM 1:75
Waitomo	48% 9/10 DI	44% Māori	Off-licence per 775 people	1 obj no opp	GM 1:66
Ōpōtiki	69% 9/10 DI	62% Māori	Off-licence per 1,160 people	No obj no opp	GM 1:115
Kawerau	89% 9/10 DI	60% Māori	Off-licence per 1,785 people	No response	GM 1:53